# Viglen LX275 Chassis User Guide





Great Minds Think



# Viglen EMC and the 'CE' mark

#### **CE Marking**

As we begin the 21st century, European standards are being harmonised across borders. If products comply with the same standards in all European countries, product exporting and importing is made simple - paving our way to a common market. If you buy a product with a 'CE' mark on it (shown below), on the box, in the manual, or on the guarantee - it complies with the currently enforced directive(s).



#### Introduction to EMC

EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) is the term used to describe certain issues with RF (Radio Frequency) energy. Electrical items should be designed so they do not interfere with each other through RF emissions. E.g. If you turn on your microwave, your television shouldn't display interference if both items are CE marked to the EMC directive.

If emitted RF energy is not kept low, it can interfere with other electrical circuitry - E.g. Cars Automatic Braking Systems have been known to activate by themselves while in a strong RF field. As this has obvious repercussions ALL electrical products likely to cause RF related problems have to be 'CE' marked from 1st January 1996 onwards.

If a product conforms to the EMC directive, not only should its RF emissions be very low, but its immunity to RF energy (and other types) should be high. The apparatus has to resist many 'real world' phenomena such as static shocks and mains voltage transients.

#### Viglen's Environment laboratory

To gain a 'CE' mark, the Viglen computer range has had to undergo many difficult tests to ensure it is Electromagnetically Compatible. These are carried out in the in-house 'Environment lab' at Viglen Headquarters. We have made every effort to guarantee that each computer leaving our factory complies fully with the correct standards. To ensure the computer system maintains compliance throughout its functional life, it is essential you follow these guidelines.

Install the system according to Viglen's instructions

If you open up your Viglen System:

Keep internal cabling in place as supplied.
Ensure the lid is tightly secured afterwards
Do not remove drive bay shields unless installing a 'CE' marked peripheral in its place
The clips or 'bumps' around the lips of the case increase conductivity - do not remove or damage.
Do not remove any ferrite rings from the L.E.D cables.
Only use your Viglen computer with 'CE' marked peripherals

This system has been tested in accordance with European standards for use in residential and light industrial areasthis specifies a 10 meter testing radius for emissions and immunity. If you do experience any adverse affects that you think might be related to your computer, try moving it at least 10 meters away from the affected item. If you still experience problems, contact Viglen's Technical Support department who will put you straight through to an EMC engineer - s/he will do everything possible to help. If modifications are made to your Viglen computer system, it might breach EMC regulations. Viglen take no responsibility (with regards to EMC characteristics) of equipment that has been tampered with or modified.

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# 1. Chassis Overview

The Viglen LX275 chassis is a server case that is designed for Enterprise server use. The LX275 chassis is designed to be either pedestal or rackmount. If the LX275 server chassis is configured to be rackmount then you have to purchase an adapter conversion kit. The chassis is equipped with power supplies that meet the latest ATX specifications.



Figure 1: Pedestal and Rackmount

Table 1: LX275 Physical Specifications

Specification	Pedestal Type	Rack Type
Height	620mm	220 mm
Width	220 mm	425 mm
Depth	425 mm	620 mm
Weight	27Kg (approx.)	
3.5" Bays	One	
5.25" Bays	Three	
Hard Disk Bays	Eight	
Backplane Support	Ultra 320 SCSI & Serial ATA	
Cooling Fans	3 x 120mm	
Front Facing USB	2	·
Rackmount Option	Yes (Optional Rack Kit Required	)

# 2. Chassis Features

#### **Chassis Front Controls and indicators**

Table 2: Chassis Front Controls and Indicators

Item	Feature	Description
1	1 x 3.5" Bay	Houses the Floppy Disk Drive
2	3 x 5.25" bays	Houses the CDROM and additional 5.25" devices e.g. Tape
		Devices.
3	Power Button	Powers the server on.
4	Reset Button	Hard reset of the server.
5	Failure Alarm Mute	Mutes the redundant PCU alarm. (Disabled in single PSU
		systems)
6	USB Cover	Covers the two USB ports.
7	Key lock	Locks access to the hot swap hard disk drives, stops the removal
		of the front panel
8	Foot stand	Holds up the Server chassis in pedestal form



Figure 2: Enclosure Front Overview

## **Chassis Front, Rear and Side Views**

## **Chassis Front View (Without Front Panel Installed)**

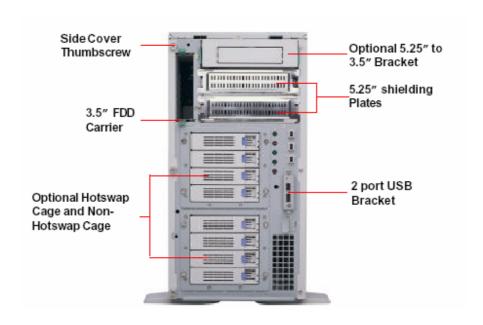


Figure 3: Chassis Front View without the Front Panel

#### **Chassis Rear View**

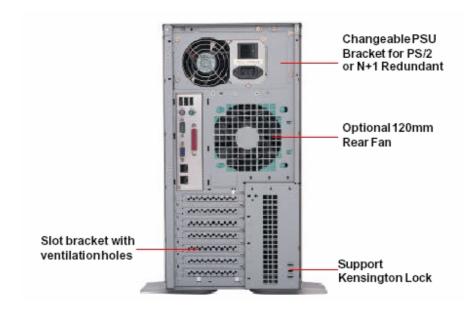


Figure 4: Chassis Rear View

## **Chassis Side View (Without Side Panel Installed)**



Figure 5: Chassis Side View (Without Side Panel Installed)

#### **Chassis Backplane Options**

The VIG840 chassis allows you to fully customise the backplane options to suit your needs. The chassis offers non hotswap cages, hotswap S-ATA cages and hotswap SCSI cages. You are also able to mix and match these options, see table below:

Table 3: Chassis Backplane Options

Option	Cage Option	Cage Option
1	Non hotswap cage	Non hotswap cage
2	Non hotswap cage	Hotswap S-ATA cage
3	Non hotswap cage	Hotswap SCSI cage
4	Hotswap S-ATA cage	Hotswap S-ATA cage
5	Hotswap S-ATA cage	Hotswap SCSI cage
6	Hotswap SCSI cage	Hotswap SCSI cage

#### **Serial ATA Backplane Overview**

#### **Back View:**

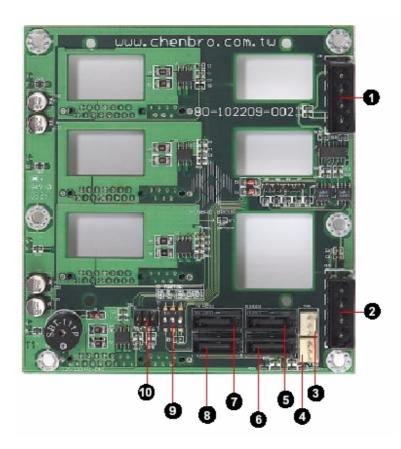


Figure 6: S-ATA Connector(s) Layout

Table 4: S-ATA Connector(s) Layout

No	Description
1	J9, 4-pin DC Power Connector
2	J10, 4-pin DC Power Connector
3	FAN1, 3P3C Fan Connector
4	FAN2, 3P3C Fan Connector
5	J5, 7P Serial ATA Connector
6	J7, 7P Serial ATA Connector
7	J6, 7P Serial ATA Connector
8	J8, 7P Serial ATA Connector
9	S1, Hardware Monitor Switch
10	JP1, Front Panel Control Jumper

#### **Front View:**

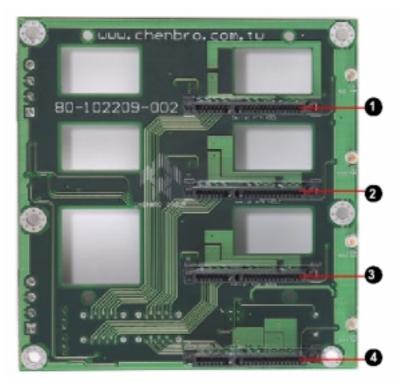


Figure 7: S-ATA Hard Drive Connector Layout

Table 5: S-ATA Hard Drive Connector Layout

No	Description
1	J1, serial ATA HDD1 connector
2	J2, serial ATA HDD2 connector
3	J3, serial ATA HDD3 connector
4	J4, serial ATA HDD4 connector

#### **Jumper Settings on the SATA Backplane:**

#### S1, Hardware Monitor Switch



Table 6: S1 Hardware Monitor Switch Configuration

No	Function	ON	OFF
1	FAN1 Monitor	*Disabled	Enabled
2	FAN2 Monitor	*Disabled	Enabled
3	Alarm Temperature	50°C	*60°C

<sup>\*</sup> Default Settings

#### JP1, Front Panel Control Jumper



Table 7: JP1 Front Panel Control Jumper

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	System Failure LED+	2	System Failure LED-
3	GND	4	Alarm Mute Switch+
5	N/A	6	Alarm Mute Switch -

<sup>\*</sup> Default Settings

# **Ultra320 SCSI Backplane Overview**

#### **Back View:**

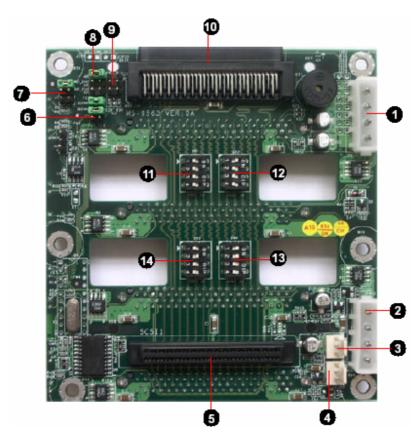


Figure 8: Ultra320 SCSI Connector(s) Layout

Table 8: Ultra320 SCSI Connector(s) Layout

No	Description	No	Description		
1	JPWR1,4-pin DC Power	8	TEMP_SET, Alarm Temperature		
2	JPWR2,4-pin DC Power 9		J3, Front Panel Control		
3	FAN1, 3P3C Connector	10	Terminator connector		
4	FAN2, 3P3C Connector	11	SW1, HDD1 ID Switch		
5	68-pin SCSI Connector	12	SW2, HDD2 ID Switch		
6	FAN_DIS, FAN Monitor	13	SW3, HDD3 ID Switch		
7	J2, HDD Motor Control	14	SW4, HDD4 ID Switch		

#### **Front View:**

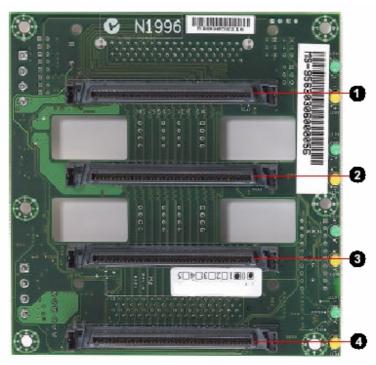


Figure 9: Ultra320 SCSI Hard Drive Connector Layout

Table 9: Ultra320 SCSI Hard Drive Connector Layout

No	Description	No	Description
1	80-pin SCA Connector 1	3	80-pin SCA Connector 3
2	80-pin SCA Connector 2	4	80-pin SCA Connector 4

# Jumper Settings on the Ultra320 SCSI Backplane:

SCSI ID Switch (SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4)



Table 10: SCSI ID Switch Options

table for each in children									
SCSI ID	P1	P2	P3	P4	SCSI ID	P1	P2	P3	P4
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	11	ON	ON	OFF	ON
4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	13	ON	OFF	ON	ON
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	14	OFF	ON	ON	ON
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF	15	ON	ON	ON	ON

#### **Hard Disk Drive Motor Control (J2)**



Table 11: Hard Disk Drive Motor Control Options

Operation Mode	P1 – P2	P3 – P4	P5 – P6
Normal	Open	Open	Short
*Delay Start	Short	Open	Open
Remote Start	Open	Short	Open

<sup>\*</sup> Default Settings

Normal: Motor spins up at DC power on.

Delay Start: Motor spins up at DC power on after a delay in seconds 12 times the value of the numeric SEL\_ID for the SCSI devices.

Remote Start: Motor spins up only when Start Unit commands is received.

#### **Alarm Temperature (TEMP\_SET)**



Table 12: Alarm Temperature Options

Temperature	P1 – P2	P3 – P4	P5 – P6
45°C	Short	Open	Open
*55°C	Open	Short	Open
65°C	Open	Open	Short

<sup>\*</sup> Default Settings

#### Fan Monitor Function (FAN\_DIS)



Table 13: Fan Monitor Function

Monitor Mode	FAN1 P1 - P2	FAN2 P3 - P4
*Disabled	Short	Short
Enabled	Open	Open

<sup>\*</sup> Default Settings

# Front Panel Control (J3)



Table 14: Front Panel Control

Pin No	Description	Pin No	Description
1	Alarm LED+	2	Alarm LED-
3	N/A	4	N/A
5	Mute Switch	6	Mute Switch

# 3. Chassis Installation and Assembly

#### **Tools and Supplies Needed**

- Phillips (cross-head) screwdriver (#2 bit)
- Antistatic wrist strap (recommended)

#### **Safety Warning!**

#### Before You Remove the Side Cover

Before removing the system side covers to work inside the system, observe these safety guidelines.

- 1. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the system.
- 2. Turn off the system by using the push-button on/off power switch on the front of the system. Then unplug the AC power cord from the system or wall outlet.
- 3. Label and disconnect all peripheral cables and all telecommunication lines connected to I/O connectors or ports on the back of the system.
- 4. Provide some electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground of the system -- any unpainted metal surface -- when handling components.

#### Warning and Cautions!

These warnings and cautions apply whenever you remove the side cover of the system to access components inside the system. Only a technically qualified person should integrate and configure the system.

#### Warning!

System power on/off: The on/off button (a convex button) on the front panel DOES NOT turn off the system AC power. To remove power from system, you must unplug the AC power cord from the wall outlet or the system.

Hazardous conditions, power supply: Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside the power supply. There are no user serviceable parts inside it; servicing should be done by technically qualified personnel.

Hazardous conditions, devices and cables: Hazardous electrical conditions may be present on power, telephone, and communication cables. Turn off the system and disconnect the power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems attached to the system before opening it. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage can result.

#### **Cautions!**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) and ESD protection: ESD can damage disk drives, boards, and other parts. We recommend that you perform all procedures in this chapter only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground --- any unpainted metal surface --- on your system when handling parts.

**ESD and handling boards:** Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to ESD. Hold boards only by their edges. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place it component-side up on a grounded, static-free surface. If you place the server board on a conductive surface, the battery leads may short out. If they do, this will result in a loss of CMOS data and will drain the battery. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

**Cooling and airflow:** For proper cooling and airflow, always install the chassis side cover before turning on the system. Operating it without the cover in place can damage system parts.

## **Opening the Front Bezel**

Take off the front bezel from chassis body. A key lock secures the front bezel to protect your system against unauthorised access:

- 1. Insert the key into the security lock, and turn it clockwise until it points to the unlock icon as figure 10.
- 2. Press two release button on top of front bezel and the pull it toward you (Figure 11).
- 3. Take off the front bezel from chassis body.



Figure 10: Security Lock



Figure 11: Pressing the Front Panel Release Buttons

# **Removing the Side Cover**

- 1. Remove the front bezel. Refer to the previous section for detailed instructions.
- 2. Loosen the three thumb screws (1) of the side cover.



Figure 12: Loosening the Thumb Screws

3. Slide the side cover towards you until it is stopped (2), then upwards before taking it off from the chassis body.



Figure 13: Side cover removal

# **Installing Hard Disk Drives and Cages**

The VIG840 supports the following hard disk drive cages:



Figure 14: Hotswap & Non Hotswap Hard Disk Drive Cages

# **Hotswap Drive Carrier**

The hard drive carrier is used in the Hotswap cage shown in Figure 14.

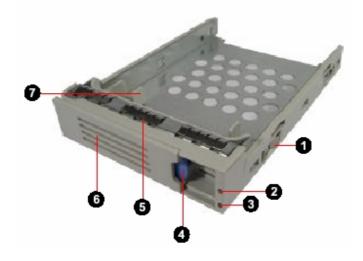


Figure 15: Hotswap Drive Carrier

Table 15: Hard Drive Carrier Features

No	Description
1	Contact Spring to chassis
2	HDD Power ON LED
3	HDD activity LED
4	Release button
5	Contact spring to upper
6	Lever
7	Air dam – must be installed if a hard drive is not present.

#### **Installing a Hard Drive Carrier to the Hotswap Cage**

- 1. Remove the air duct first.
- 2. Install a hard drive into the carrier, and then secure it with the four screws you can find in the screw bags supplier with each carrier.
- 3. Insert the hard disk carrier into the Hotswap cage with lever still extended (See Figure 16).



Figure 16: Inserting a Hard Drive Carrier

4. Push the lever back until it clicks into place (See Figure 17).



Figure 17: Pushing the lever back

#### **Installing Hard Drives to the Non Hotswap Cage**

1. Find the special mounting screws supplied with the server (See Figure 18).



Figure 18: Special Mounting Screws

- 2. Put the hard drives into the cage and align with the mounting holes (See Figure 19).
- 3. Secure the hard drives to the drive cage using the screws shown in Figure 18.



Figure 19: Mounting Holes on the Drive Cage

#### Removing the Hotswap or Non Hotswap Cage

- 1. Loosen the four thumbscrews, which secure the hard disk drive cage to the chassis body.
- 2. Pull out the hard disk drive cage slightly (See Figure 20).



Figure 20: Pulling out the Cage slightly

- 3. Disconnect the SCSI, Serial ATA, or power cables. If necessary the SCSI terminator also needs to be removed.
- 4. Finally continue to pull out the cage until it is totally out of the drive bay.



Figure 21: Completely Removing the Cage from the Chassis

## Installing the 120mm Fan

The VIG840 is designed to support three 120mm cooling fans with screw-less fan holders. There are two fans located in the middle of the chassis and one fan is mounted on the rear panel. To secure a fan in the holder follow the below instructions:

1. Position a 120mm fan into the hooks of the fan holder (See Figure 22).

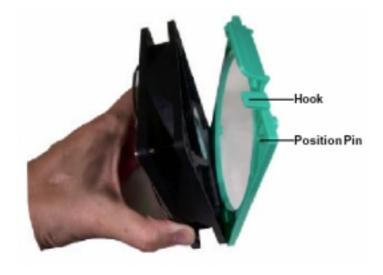


Figure 22: Positioning the hooks

- 2. Next press the 120mm fan towards the fan holder until it clicks into place. You will find that the four positioning pins will insert into the four mounting holes of the 120mm fan around the frame.
- 3. Finally check that all four hooks of the fan holder have exactly fastened to the fan (See Figure 23).



Figure 23: Checking the Fan Holder Hooks

#### Installing a 120mm Fan to the VIG840 Chassis

1. Install the 120mm fan to the fan holder (See Figure 24).



Figure 24: 120mm Fan Holder

2. Put the four hooks (1) into specified 120mm fan mounting holes (2) at rear panel or middle panels (See Figure 25).

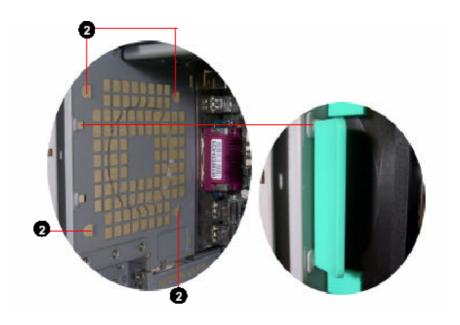


Figure 25: Mounting the Fan to Chassis

# **Installing the Floppy Drive**

The VIG840 has a 3½" bay to hold a floppy disk drive. To install a floppy drive follow the below instructions:

1. Loosen the two screws (1) located on the side panel of the floppy disk drive carrier.

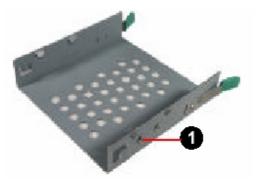


Figure 26: Loosening the Two Screws

2. Insert the hooks shown by arrows in Figure 27 into the mounting holes of the floppy drive.



Figure 27: Mounting Hooks

3. Push the floppy disk drive down into the carrier and then secure the drive in place with the two screws that were removed earlier.



Figure 28: Securing the Floppy Drive to the Carrier

4. Insert the drive carrier with the floppy drive installed into the 3½" bay until you hear a click sound.



Figure 29: Installing the Drive Carrier to the Chassis

5. The floppy drive has now been successfully installed.

## Installing a 51/4" Device

The VIG840 can hold up to three 5¼" devices. The below instructions uses a CD-ROM drive to illustrate how to install a 5¼" device to the VIG840 chassis.

1. Remove a pair of slide rails from the side panel of the drive cage frame.



Figure 30: Slide Rails

2. Insert both guide pins (Circled in Figure 30) on the slide rail into the mounting holes of the CD-ROM drive and then secure them in place with screws side by side.



Figure 31: Securing the Slide Rails to the 51/4" Device

3. Finally, insert the CD-ROM into the 51/4" bay until you hear a click sound.



Figure 32: Installing the 5¼" Device to the Chassis

4. The floppy drive has now been successfully installed.

#### **Add-on Card Guide and Retainer**

#### **Detaching the Add-on Card Retainer**

- 1. For convenience of installation or cabling the user may want to remove the add-on card retainer.
- 2. Push the release button on the top of the add-on card holder and then pull it out.



Figure 33: Release Button on top of the Add-on Card Holder

3. Move it upwards slightly and then detach it completely from the chassis body.

#### **Releasing the Add-on Card Retainer**

1. Press both release tabs, shown in Figure 34 using red arrows and rotate the retainer towards you.



Figure 34: Releasing the Retainer

2. Finally the clamp will be held in the position shown in Figure 35. The user can now install full length PCI cards, which will be guided and secured by the holder. Once all cards have been installed close the retainer.



Figure 35: Retainer in Open Position

# 4. Rail Kit Assembly Guide

#### **Rail Kit Features**



Figure 36: Side Rail Latch

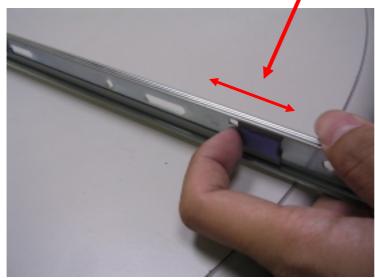


Figure 37: Latch Movement

This latch allows for the slide rails to move in both directions.



Figure 38: Outer Rail Release Latch

This Latch releases the outer rail so that the server can be pushed back into the rack cabinet (One direction).



Figure 39: Latch being pulled Towards User

#### **Outer Rail Outer View (Rear location):**



This is the rear adjustable extension plate located on the outer rail.

Figure 40: Rear Adjustable Extension Plate

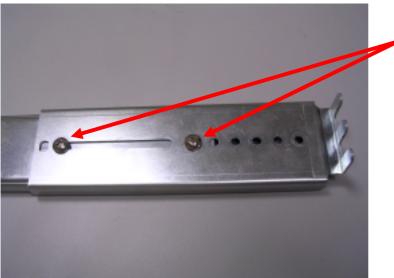
#### **Outer Rail Inner View (Rear Location):**



Figure 41: Adjusting the Rear Adjustable Plate

The rear adjustable extension plate can be adjusted by loosening the screws located on the inner side of the outer rail.

#### **Outer Rail Outer View (Front Location):**



This is the front adjustable extension plate. Use the following screws to adjust the length of the rail to fit rack cabinet.

Figure 42: Front Adjustable Extension Plate

#### **Outer Rail Inner View (Front Location):**



Figure 43: Ball Bearings located on the Inner Side of the Rail

On the inner side of the rail you have high quality ball bearings which will be used to join the outer rail to the inner rail which is attached to the server.

#### **Rail Kit Installation**

Step 1:

Attach inner rail to chassis. Attach four screws onto the mounting holes located below:

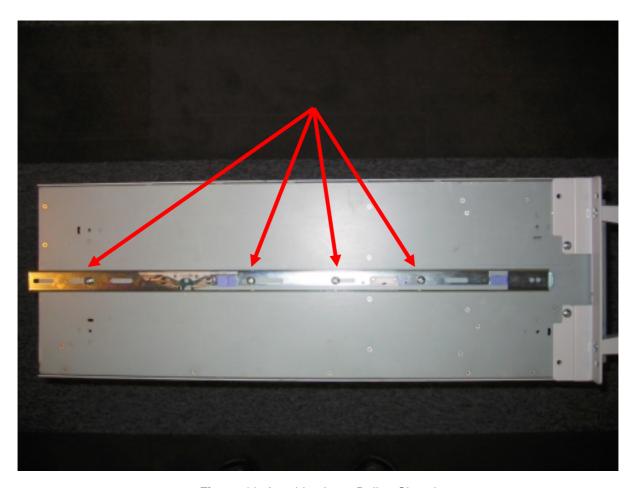


Figure 44: Attaching Inner Rail to Chassis

#### Step 2:

Preparing the outer rail (Front). Use the screws shown below to extend the outer rail so that it fits your rack cabinet.

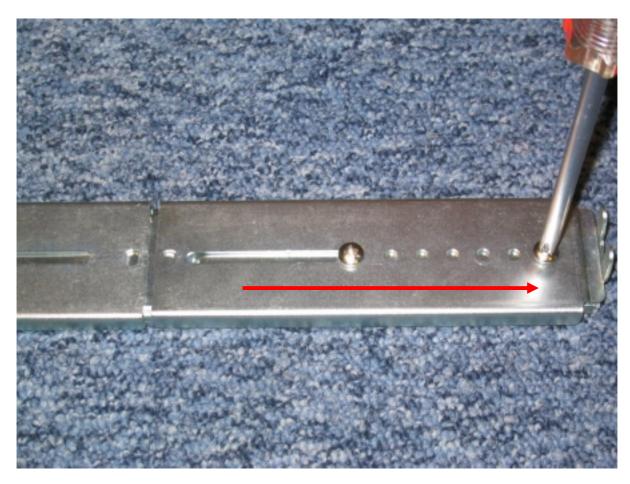


Figure 45: Preparing the Outer Rail (front)

# Step 3:

Preparing the outer rail (Rear). Loosen the screws below to free the rear plate so that the outer rail can be extended to fit the rack cabinet.

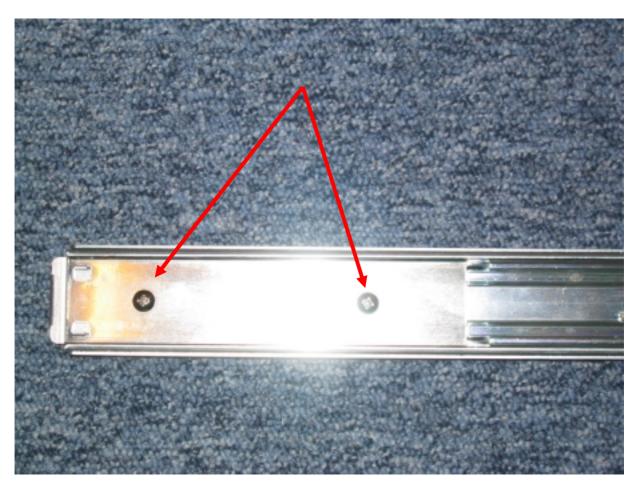


Figure 46: Preparing the Outer Rail (Rear)

### Step 4:

Preparing the rack cabinet. Firstly insert moveable screw nuts into the square holes on the front and rear sides of the rack cabinet. Next screw the rails to the front of the rack cabinet from the inside as shown below.

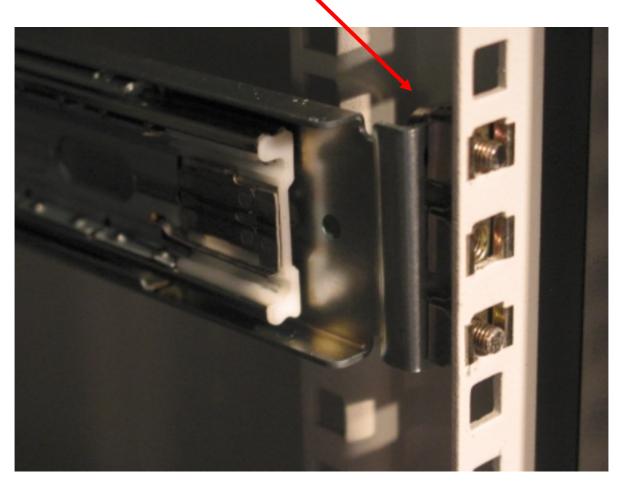


Figure 47: Preparing the Rack Cabinet (Front)

# Step 5:

Secondly, attach the rear of the outer rail to the back of the rack cabinet from the outside as shown below.



Figure 48: Preparing the Rack Cabinet (Back)

# Step 6:

Finally, tighten the two screws on the outer rail of the extension plate so that the rail is secure in the rack cabinet.

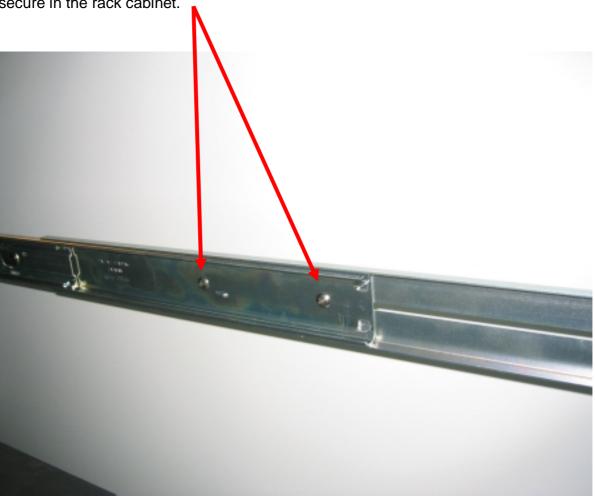


Figure 49: Tighten Screws to Secure Rail Kit to Rack Cabinet

### Step 7:

Upload the chassis to the rack cabinet by lining up the outer rails which are now installed in the rack cabinet to the inner rails installed on the sides of the server. Once the rails are lined up push the chassis into the rack cabinet until lock position is achieved.

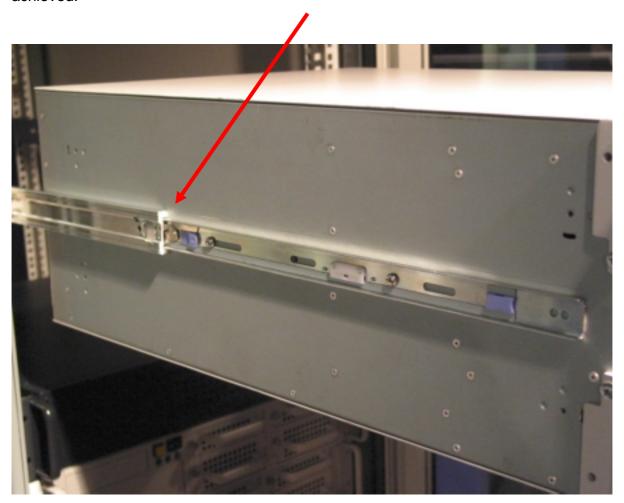


Figure 50: Installing the Chassis to the Rack Cabinet

### Step 8:

Once the rails lock they need to be released by the inner rail latch so that the server can be completely pushed into the rack cabinet. The arrow below illustrates what direction to move the latch to release the lock.



Figure 51: Releasing the Inner Rail

The Server is now mounted successfully into the rack cabinet.

# 5. Chassis Power Supply Technical Data

Table 16: Power Supply Specification

	600W	600W+300W Redundant
Input Voltage Range	90~140Vrms or	90~132Vrms or
	180~264Vrms	180~264Vrms
Frequency Range	47Hz~63Hz	47Hz~63Hz
Max. input AC Current	10A Max @ 110Vac/60Hz	12A Max @ 115Vac/60Hz
	5A Max @ 220Vac/50Hz	6A Max @ 230Vac/50Hz
+3.3V (MAX Load)	24A	40A
+5V (Max Load)	24A	50A
+12V V1 (MAX Load)	15A	34A
+12V V2 (MAX Load)	15A	
+12V V3 (Max Load)	16A	
+12V V4 (Max Load)	12A	
-12V (MAX Load)	0.5A	1A
-5V (MAX Load)		0.5A
+5Vsb (MAX Load)	2.0A	2A
Caution	+5V and 3.3V total output	+5V and 3.3V total output

# 6. Appendices

#### **Appendix A: Glossary**

A Ampere, This is a term of measurement for electric

current.

AC Alternating Current used to describe the mains voltage.

**Ampere** This is a term of measurement of electric current.

**Analog** Pertaining to data in the form of continuously variable

quantities. Contrasts with Digital.

**ANSI** American National Standards Institute.

**ASCII** American Standard Coded for Information Interchange.

This is a special 7/8 bit code that is given to identify

characters.

**Asynchronous** A method of transmission of data in which the bits included

in a character or block of characters occur during a specific time interval. The start of each character block can occur at any time during this interval. Contrasts with synchronous.

**AUTOEXEC.BAT** A special batch file, which contains a series of commands

that are to be executed when the computer is started up.

**BASIC** Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code. This is a

simple programming language.

**Battery-Backed RAM** A type of memory that holds information even when the

computer is switched off.

**Baud** A term used to measure modem data rates.

**Binary** Involving a choice of two conditions, such as "yes" or "no",

"1" or "0", base-2 mathematics.

Blos Basic Input Output System. This is the program held in the

computer's ROM which handles all the input and output

functions.

Bit Synonym for Binary digit. A single unit of information which

can hold a value of 0 or 1.

**Boot** The name given to the program that runs on the computer

when it is first switched on. Can also be a verb related to

running the program.

**BSI** British Standards Institute.

**Bps** Bits per second.

**Buffer** An area of temporary storage.

**Bus** One or more conductors used for transmitting signals.

Byte A unit of data made up of eight Bits.

**C / C++** A programming language.

**Cache** A small area of high-speed memory.

Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)

Normally referred to as a monitor or VDU.

**Character** A symbol on the screen or same as a Byte.

CMOS Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor. A logic circuit

family that uses very little power.

COM1, COM2 The names given to the serial communications ports in

COM3, COM4 DOS.

**CONFIG.SYS** A special purpose file which has the configuration details for

the computer to set itself to when powered up.

**CPS** Characters per second.

**CSA** Canadian Standards Association.

**Cursor** A bar on the screen that indicates where the input from

the keyboard will be displayed.

**DC** Direct current. Normally associated with battery current.

**Digital** Pertaining to data in the form of binary digits. Contrasts

with Analogue.

DIN Deutsche Industrie Norm, specifies major connector types. DIP

Dual In-Line Package. ICs that have two parallel rows of

connections.

**DMA** Direct Memory Access. A method of transferring data

between main storage and I/O devices without processor

intervention.

Disk See Floppy Disk.

Disk Operating System or Microsoft® Disk Operating **DOS or MS-DOS®** 

System. This is a low-level program that instructs the

computer on basic file handling.#

DRAM Dynamic RAM. A type of RAM that requires a periodic

refresh to maintain data.

DVD Digital Versatile Disk

**EMC** ElectroMagnetic Compatibility

**EMI** ElectroMagnetic Interference.

**EPROM** Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory.

**ESDI** Enhanced Small Device Interface, which specifies a fast

hard disk interface.

**FCC** Federal Communications Commission.

**Firmware** A program that is resident in Read Only Memory (ROM).

Floppy Disk A storage device consisting of a flexible magnetic disk

inside a protective cover.

G A symbol used to represent the prefix Giga. i.e. GB (Giga

Byte).

GB Gigabyte, represents 1,073,741,824 bytes (1024MB).

**Hard Disk** A disk of rigid magnetic material used for mass storage. **Hardware** The physical equipment which makes up the computer

system.

Hertz (Hz) A unit of measurement of frequency amounting to one

cycle per second.

**Hex** Hexadecimal. Base-16 mathematics.

IC Integrated Circuit.

**Icon** A graphical symbol.

**IDE** Integrated device interface. An AT bus specification for a

fast hard disk.

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission. Specifies

standards of safety.

I/O Input/Output. Refers to data being sent to or received

from a computer.

**K** Symbol used to represent Kilobyte which is 1024 bytes.

**KB** Abbreviation for Kilobyte, i.e. 1024 bytes.

**Kb** Abbreviation for Kilo bit, i.e. 1024 bits.

**Keylock** A locking device which can deactivate a keyboard.

**KHz** KiloHertz. 1000 Hertz.

LIM Lotus/Intel/ Microsoft® Expanded Memory Manager

specification.

**LED** Light Emitting Diode. These are normally used as the lights

on a computers front panel.

**LPT1**, **LPT2**, **LPT3** Names given to the printer ports by DOS.

M Prefix mega. Equivalent to 1024K.

**mA** Milliampere. 0.001 Ampere.

MB Abbreviation for Mega Byte i.e. 1024K Bytes.

**Mb** Abbreviation for Mega Bits, i.e. 1024K bits.

**Memory** An electronic component which remembers data stored in it.

MHz Mega Hertz. 1,000,000 Hertz.

ns Nano Second 0.000 000 001 second.

**Pixel** The smallest displayable unit on a monitor or picture tube.

**POST** Power-On Self Test.

**RAM** Random Access Memory. Fast Read/Write memory.

**RFI** Radio Frequency Interface.

**ROM** Read Only Memory.

**RS-232C** A standard for asynchronous serial communication.

SCSI Small Computer Systems Interface. A multimedia bus and

interface specification for fast Hard Disks, Tape Backup

Units, CD ROMs and other Devices.

**SIMM** Single In-Line Memory Module.

**Software** Another name for a computer program.

**SRAM** Static RAM. Synchronous Transmission of data between

devices which are maintaining the same frequency

relationship. Contrasts with asynchronous.

TPI Tracks Per Inch.

TTL Transistor Transistor Logic.

**TUV** Technischer Uberwachungs-Verein. Organisation which

tests and certifies electronic equipment.

**UL** Underwriter Laboratories. American Organisation specifying

standards for safety of electronic equipment.

USB Universal Serial Bus

**V** Volt. Unit of measurement of potential difference.

VAC Volts (Alternating Current).

**VDE** Verband Deutscher Electrotechniker. German organisation

specifying EMI suppression.

**Video** Computer data or graphics displayed on a monitor or screen.

W Watt.

Watt Basic unit of measurement of electrical power.

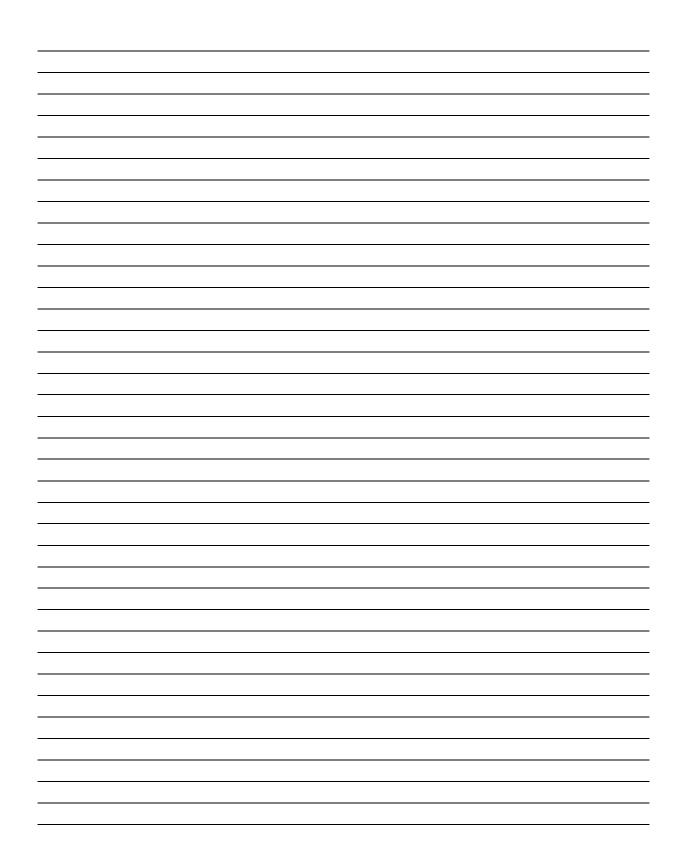
Word A number of bits or bytes making up an entity used in the

transfer and calculation of data in the computer architecture.

Word=16 bits (2 bytes), long word= 32bits (4 bytes).

Appendix B: Notes		







### **Appendix C: Further help and Information**

Viglen Technical Support Tel: 020 8758 7050

Fax: 020 8758 7097

E-mail: technical@viglen.co.uk

Viglen's Internet Website <a href="http://www.viglen.co.uk">http://www.viglen.co.uk</a>

The Viglen BBS service 020 8758 7095

Viglen Service Centre Tel: 020 8991 3582

Fax: 020 8758 7085,

E-mail: service@viglen.co.uk

Account Sales: Call the department appropriate to your business sector.

Education: Tel: 020 8758 7170

Fax: 020 8566 7105

E-mail: education@viglen.co.uk

Schools: Tel: 020 8758 7027

Fax: 020 8758 7417

E-mail: <a href="mailto:schools@viglen.co.uk">schools@viglen.co.uk</a>

Corporate: Tel: 020 8758 7172

Fax: 020 8566 8930

E-mail: corporate@viglen.co.uk

Public Sector: Tel: 020 8758 7079

Fax: 020 8566 8931

E-mail: <a href="mailto:public@viglen.co.uk">public@viglen.co.uk</a>

### **Appendix D: Suggestions**

Viglen is interested in continuing to improve the quality and information provided in their manuals. Viglen has listed some questions that you may like to answer and return to Viglen. This will help Viglen help to keep and improve the standard of their manuals.

Is the information provided in this and other manuals clear enough?		
2. What could be added to the manual to improve it?		
3. Does the manual go into enough detail?		
4. Would you like an on-line version of this manual?		

5. How do you rate the Viglen Technical support and Service Departments?		
. Are there any technological improvements that could be made to the system?		
. Other points you would like to mention?		

Please return this slip to: Product Development Department Viglen Ltd Viglen House Alperton Lane Alperton Middlesex HA0 1DX